CAMPUS USA CREDIT UNION PRESENTS:

IDENTITY THEFT AND FRAUD

How to protect yourself and your loved ones





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Meet the CAMPUS Team

Fraud & Identity Theft Experts



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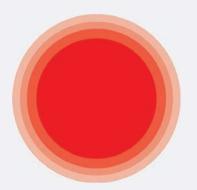
Lacey Krzeminski Fraud Analyst





Letisha Nelson Risk Analyst

Welcome



This webinar is being **recorded** and will be published on our website, campuscu.com.



Microphones have been muted and cameras are turned off for this webinar.

Please post comments and questions in the chat. We will answer your questions during the Q & A portion of the presentation.

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At the conclusion of this session, please take a few moments to answer the short survey.

Seminar Objectives



What is Identity Theft and Fraud?

- Definitions
- Strategies
- Statistics



How does it happen?

- How do thieves get your info?
- Non-technnological schemes
- Technological schemes



What can you do to prevent it?

- Warning signs you are a victim
- How can you prevent being a victim?
- Where to go for help



Identity THEFT can lead to FRAUD The unauthorized use of your personal information for the criminal's financial gain is FRAUD.

The criminal makes fraudulent purchases with your credit, uses your Social Security number or other personal financial information.



Criminal never pays the bills and they are eventually turned over to collections.



Leads to a negative impact on your credit history and your overall credit score. Can prevent you from future employment as well.

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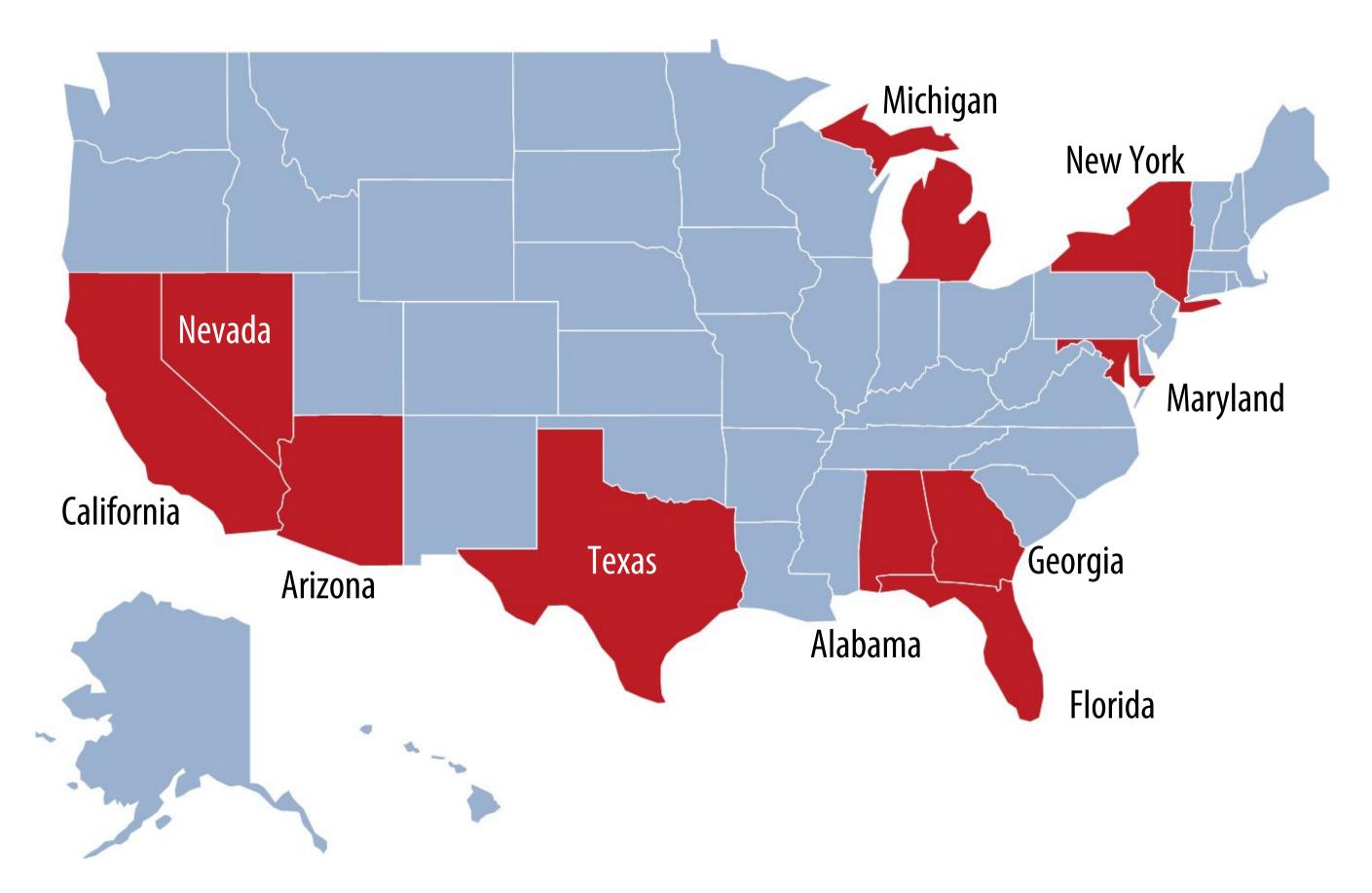
Fastest growing crime in America

A new victim every 19 minutes

Those that steal are often those closest to you 18% are victimized by friend, neighbor, or in-home employee Average victim loses \$500 and spends 30 hours to resolving the crime

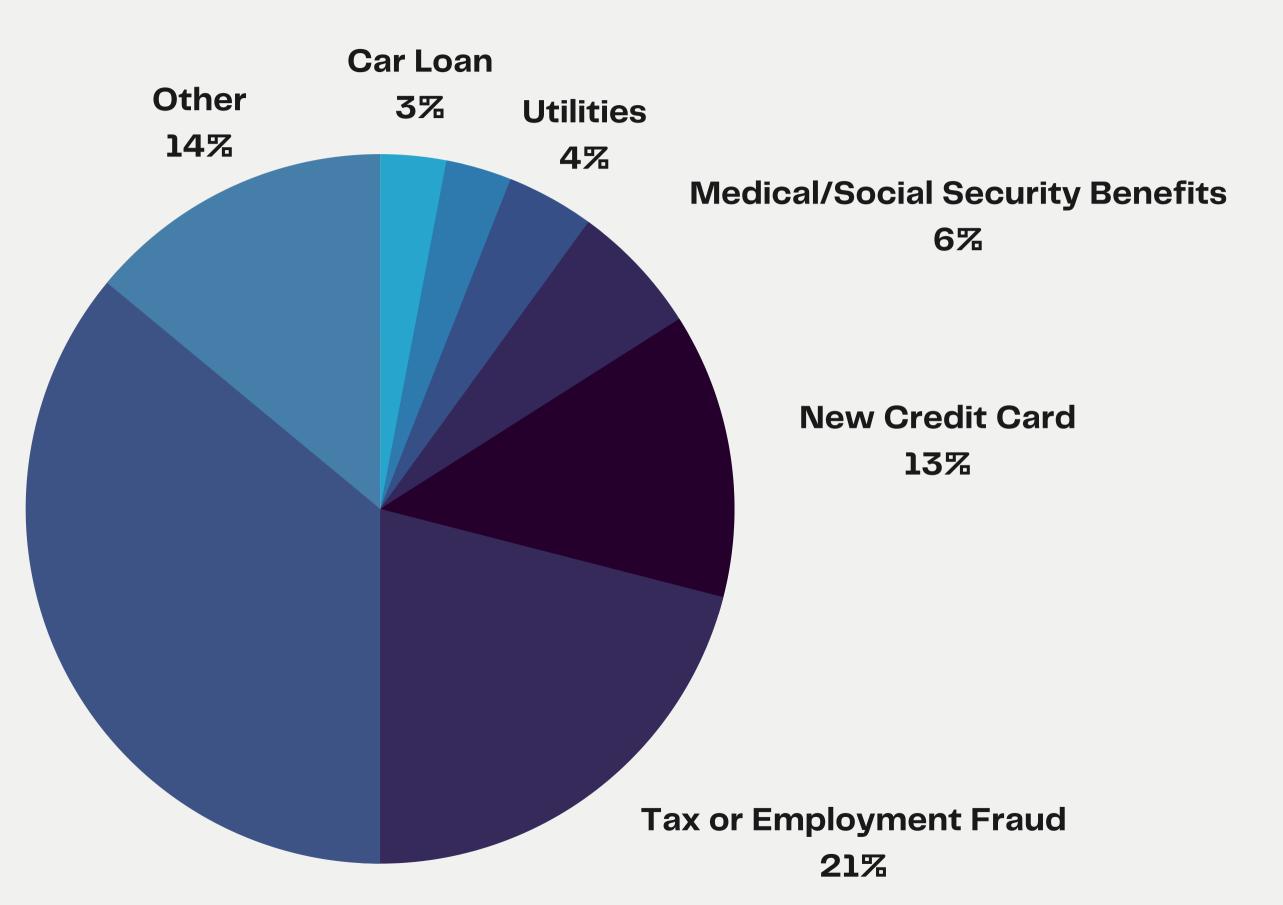
> 32% of crimes committed by relatives

Where is Identity Theft the Worst?



What Thieves Do Once They Steal Your Info

Use Existing Credit or Debit Card 36%





How does Identity Theft happen?

Non-technological schemes

Dumpster diving

Mail Theft

Shoulder Surfing – ATM, PIN entry, etc.

Stealing Personal Items - wallet or purse



How does Identity Theft happen?

Credit/Debit Card Theft

Skimming – tampered scanner

Pretexting & Phishing – scam phone call/voicemail, email, social media, or text

Pharming – fake website (URL)

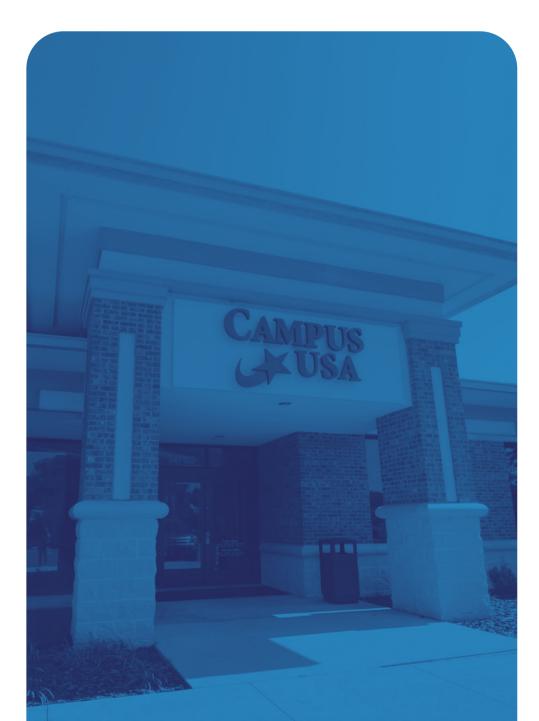


When is your Social Security number needed?

- Credit unions/banks
- Loan applications
- Income Tax records

College records

- Credit Reports
- Employers



LOAN APPLICAT









How did you do?

Protect Yourself

from Bank Fraud





Use cards with EMV Chips or Tap & Go[™]



Sign up for direct deposit



Sign up for Account Alerts & eStatements





Don't give your info to anyone who calls, emails, or texts you.



Pay bills electronically - stop writing checks

Protect Yourself

from Computer Fraud

Install the latest antivirus and spyware software.

Ensure browser and system software are up-todate.

Protect your wi-fi and use a VPN.

Be mindful of email content.

Freeze your credit.



Use strong passwords.

Use an ID Theft Monitoring Service.

Protect yourself from Medical Fraud

Review your explanation of benefits. Make sure bills are for your services.

Check your credit report. Have any delinquent medical bills been reported?

Contact your insurance provider. Clarify any and all questionable bills.



Protect yourself from social networking fraud

Pictures of your family, home, pets, etc.

Birthdates

Addresses

Names of family members and pets.

Protect your children too.



Social Security numbers, birthdates Familial fraud is most common Takes manyLyears topidentifyc

Look for possible clues Possible prevention – free annual credit report

Warning **Signs You Might Be a** Victim

Statements show up for an unknown credit/card account

Missing mail

You have good credit but an application was declined

Errors or misinformation on your credit report

Collection notices or calls for a debt you don't owe

Charges you did not make show up on your statements



A credit/store card you didn't apply for shows up in the mail

View your **Credit Report**

During the COVID-19 pandemic, Equifax, Experian and TransUnion are continuing to offer free weekly online credit reports.

www.AnnualCreditReport.com



EQUIFAX experian TransUnion

What to look for in your Credit Report





Review it and compare it to your known sources of credit.

- Unknown loans
- Unfamiliar names & addresses

It does not include your credit score.

- You must pay for that feature
- Avoid companies that say they give free scores



If there is fraud...

- Contact credit bureau and place a fraud alert
- Report it to police
- Contact the creditor

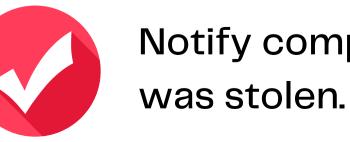
If you ARE a victim

Place a fraud alert and freeze on your credit.

> Review your credit report for mysterious accounts or inquiries.

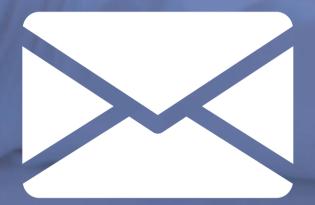
> > File a police report

File a report with the Federal Trade Commission and the Social Security Administration.



Notify companies that your identity

Printable resources







ww.campuscu.com

Thank you for joining us

Questions or comments?

feedback@campuscu.com



